

CASSETTE-TYPE AIR CONDITIONER

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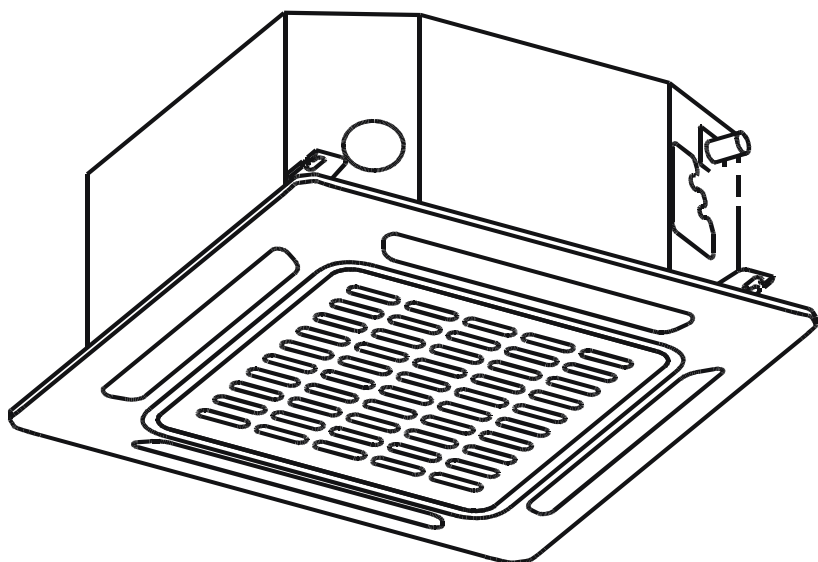
# Owner's Manual

Compact Four-Way Cassette

**Ceiling Cassette-Type Ductless Split Systems**

**CB009 - CB012 - CB018 Compact Indoor Units**

**CYB009 - CYB012 - CYB018 System Sets**



**PIONEER®**

**IMPORTANT NOTE:**

Read this manual carefully before installing or operating your new air conditioning unit. Be sure to save this manual for future reference.



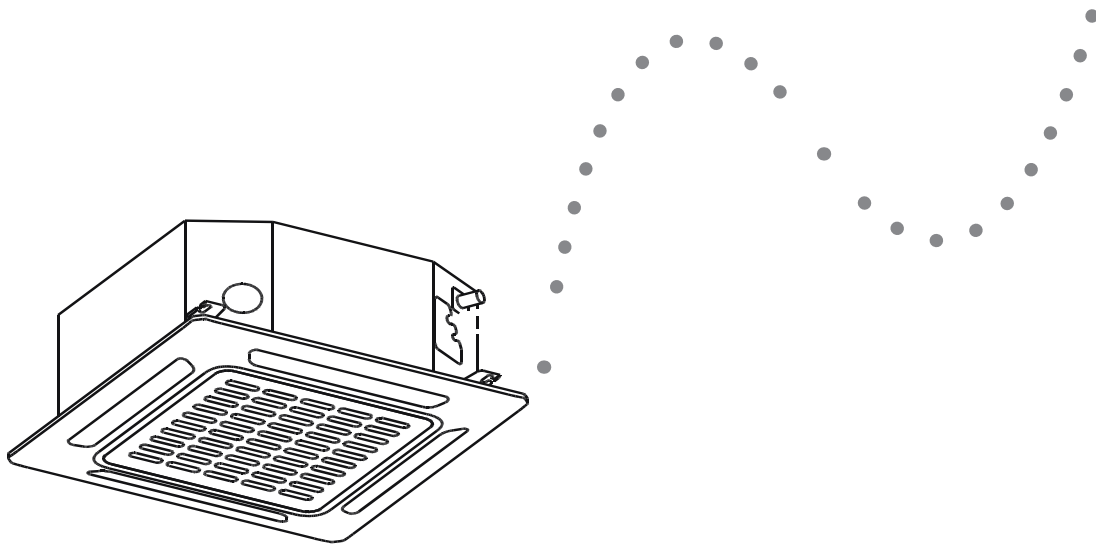
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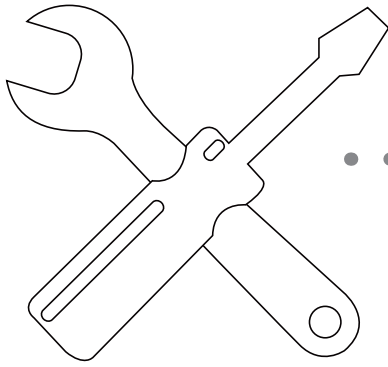
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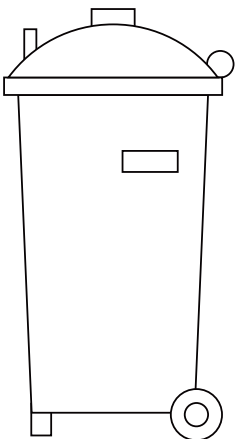
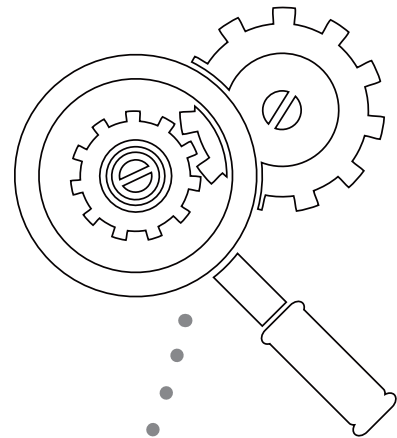


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# Safety Precautions

# 1

Thank you for your purchase of this air conditioner. This manual will provide you with information on how to operate, maintain, and troubleshoot your air conditioner. Following the instructions closely will ensure the proper function and extended lifespan of your unit.

Please pay attention to the following signs:



**WARNING**

**Failure to observe a warning may result in death. The appliance must be installed by licensed professionals, in accordance with all local, state, and provincial regulations.**



**CAUTION**

**Failure to observe a caution may result in injury or equipment damage.**

## **WARNING**

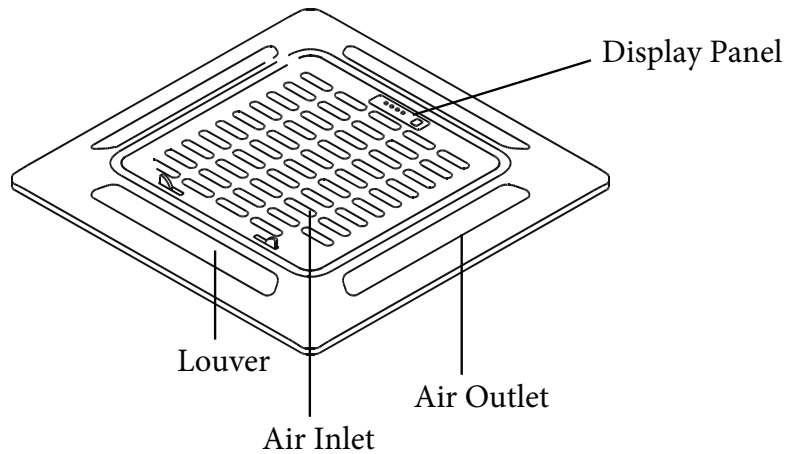
- Have an authorized dealer install this air conditioner. Inappropriate installation may cause water leakage, electric shock, or fire.
- The warranty will be voided if the unit is not installed by professionals.
- If abnormal situations arise (such as burning odors), turn off the power supply, and call your dealer for instructions to avoid electric shock, fire, or injury.
- **DO NOT** let the indoor unit or the remote control get wet. It may cause electric shock or fire.
- **DO NOT** insert fingers, rods, or other objects into the air inlet or outlet. This may cause injury, since the fan may be rotating at high speeds.
- **DO NOT** use a flammable spray, such as hair spray, lacquer or paint, near the unit. This may cause fire or combustion.

## **CAUTION**

- **DO NOT** touch the air outlet while the swing flap is in motion. Fingers might get caught, or the unit may break down.
- **DO NOT** inspect the unit by yourself. Ask an authorized dealer to perform the inspection.
- To prevent product deterioration, do not use the air conditioner for preservation purposes (storage of food, plants, animals, works of art, etc.).
- **DO NOT** touch the evaporator coils inside the indoor unit. The evaporator coils are sharp, and may cause injury.

- **DO NOT** operate the air conditioner with wet hands. It may lead to electric shock.
- **DO NOT** place items that might be affected by moisture damage under the indoor unit. Condensation can occur at a relative humidity of 80%.
- **DO NOT** expose heat-producing appliances to cold air or place them under the indoor unit. This may cause incomplete combustion or deformation of the unit, due to the heat.
- After long periods of usage, check the indoor unit to see if anything is damaged. If the indoor unit is damaged, it may fall and cause injury.
- If the air conditioner is used together with other heating devices, thoroughly ventilate the room to avoid oxygen deficiency.
- **DO NOT** climb onto, or place objects on top of, the outdoor unit.
- **DO NOT** operate the air conditioner when using fumigant insecticides. The chemicals may become layered with the unit and endanger those who are hypersensitive to chemicals.
- **DO NOT** let children play with the air conditioner.
- This air conditioner can be used by children aged 8 years and older, as well as people with reduced physical, sensory, or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, if they have been given instructions on how to properly and safely operate the system.
- **DO NOT** operate the air conditioner in a wet room (e.g. bathroom or laundry room). This can produce electrical shock and cause the product to deteriorate.

## Unit Parts



**Fig. 2.1**

## Operating Conditions

Use the system in the following temperature ranges for safe and effective operation. If the air conditioner is used outside of the following conditions, it may malfunction or be less efficient.

	COOL Mode	HEAT Mode	DRY Mode
Indoor Temperature	17°~32°C (62°~90°F)	0°~30°C (32°~86°F)	17°~32°C (62°~90°F)
Outdoor Temperature	0°~43°C (32°~109°F)	-15°~24°C (5°~76°F)	18°~43°C (64°~109°F)
	-7°~43°C (20°~109°F) (low ambient cooling models)	-25°~24°C (-12°~76°F) Inverter++ Models	

## Features

### Default Setting

When the air conditioner restarts after a power failure, it will default to the factory settings (AUTO mode, AUTO fan, 24°C (76°F)). This may cause inconsistencies on the remote control and unit panel. Use your remote control to update the status.

### Auto-Restart (some models)

In case of power failure, the system will immediately stop. When power returns, the operation light on the indoor unit will flash. To restart the unit, press the ON/OFF button on the remote control. If the system has an auto restart function, the unit will restart using the same settings.

### Louver Angle Memory Function (Optional)

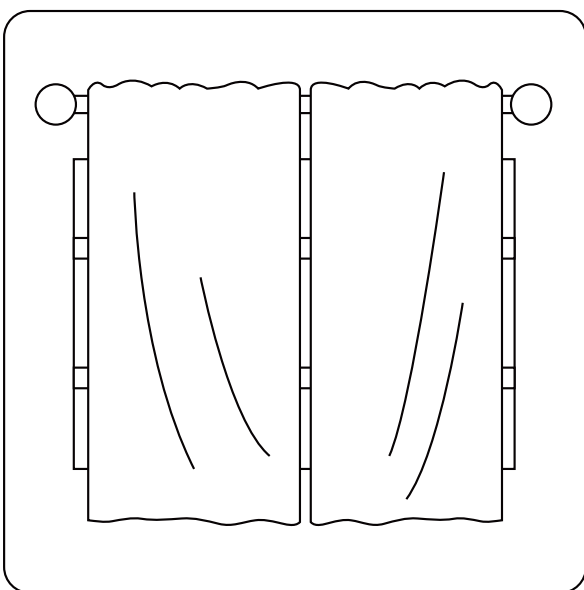
Some models are designed with a louver angle memory function. When the unit restarts after a power failure, the angle of the horizontal louvers will automatically return to the previous position. The angle of the horizontal louver should not be set too small, as condensation may form and drip into the machine. To reset the louver, press the manual button, which will reset the horizontal louver settings.

### Refrigerant Leak Detection System (some models)

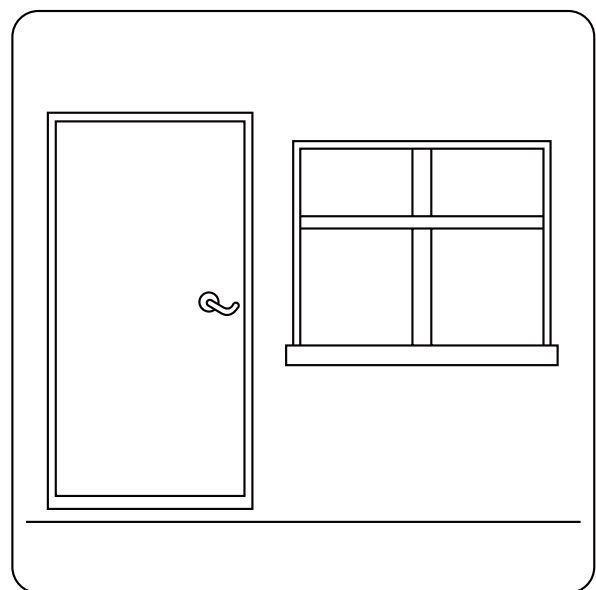
In the event of a refrigerant leak, the LCD screen will display “EC”, and the LED indicator light will flash.

## Energy Saving Tips

- **DO NOT** set the unit to excessive temperature levels.
- While cooling, close the curtains to avoid direct sunlight.
- Doors and windows should be kept closed, to keep cool or warm air in the room.
- **DO NOT** place objects near the air inlet and outlet of the unit. This will reduce unit efficiency.
- Set a timer and use the built-in SLEEP/ECONOMY mode, if applicable.
- If you don't plan to use the unit for a long time, remove the batteries from the remote control.
- Clean the air filter every two weeks. A dirty filter can reduce cooling or heating efficiency.
- Adjust louvers properly, and avoid direct airflow.

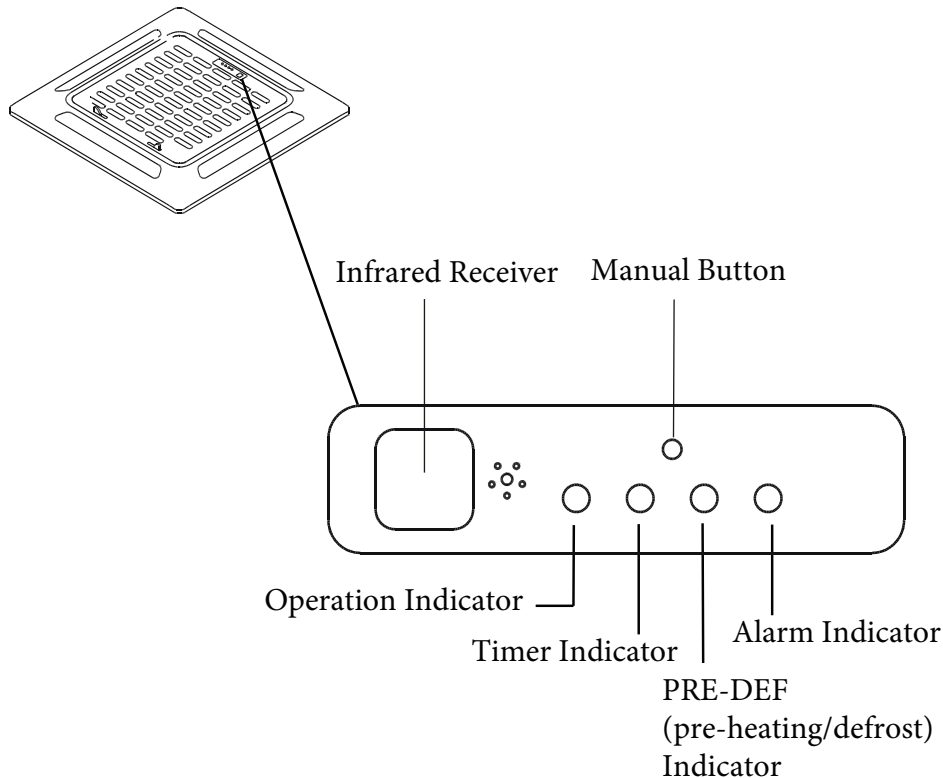


**Closing the curtains while heating also helps to keep the heat in**

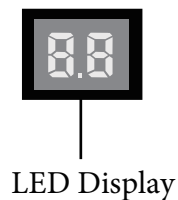


**Doors and windows should be kept closed when not in use**

This display panel on the indoor unit can be used to operate the unit in case the remote control has been misplaced, or is out of batteries.



**Fig. 3.1**



**Fig. 3.2**

- **MANUAL Button:** This button selects the mode in the following order: AUTO, FORCED COOL, OFF.
- **FORCED COOL Mode:** In FORCED COOL mode, the Operation Light flashes. The system will then turn to AUTO, after it has cooled with a high wind speed for 30 minutes. The remote control will be disabled during this operation.
- **OFF Mode:** When the panel is turned OFF, the unit turns off, and the remote control is re-enabled.

## Safety Precautions

- Contact an authorized service technician for repair or maintenance of this unit. Improper repair and maintenance may cause water leakage, electrical shock, or fire, and may void your warranty.
- **DO NOT** substitute a blown fuse with a higher or lower amperage rating fuse, as this may cause circuit damage, or an electrical fire.
- Please make sure the drain hose is set up according to the instructions. Failure to do so could cause leakage, and result in personal property damage, fire, and electric shock.
- Make sure that all wires are connected properly. Failure to connect wires according to instructions can result in electrical shock or fire.

## Unit Maintenance

### BEFORE CLEANING OR MAINTENANCE

- Always turn off your air conditioning system and disconnect its power supply before cleaning or maintenance.
- **DO NOT** use chemicals or chemically treated cloths to clean the unit
- **DO NOT** use benzene, paint thinner, polishing powder, or other solvents to clean the unit. They can cause the plastic surface to crack, or deform.
- **DO NOT** wash the unit under running water. Doing so causes electrical danger.
- **DO NOT** use water hotter than 40°C (104°F) to clean the front panel. This can cause the panel to deform, or become discolored.
- Clean the unit using a damp, lint-free cloth and neutral detergent. Dry the unit with a dry, lint-free cloth.

## How To Clean The Air Filter

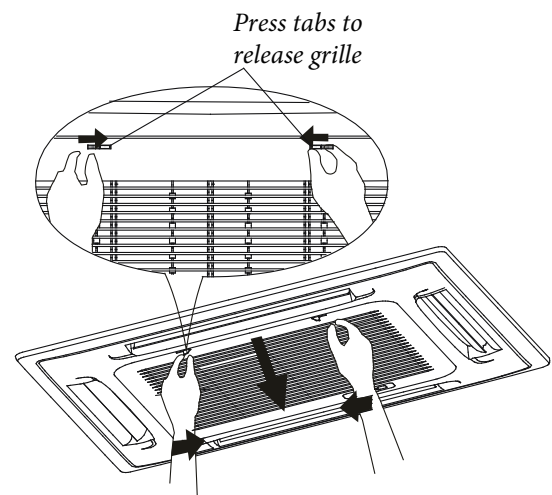
The filter prevents dust and other particles from entering the indoor unit. Dust buildup can reduce the efficiency of the air conditioner. For optimum efficiency, clean the air filter every two weeks, or more frequently if you live in a dusty area. Replace the filter with a new one if it's heavily clogged and unable to be cleaned.

### WARNING: DO NOT REMOVE OR CLEAN THE FILTER BY YOURSELF

Removing and cleaning the filter can be dangerous. Removal and maintenance must be performed by a certified technician.

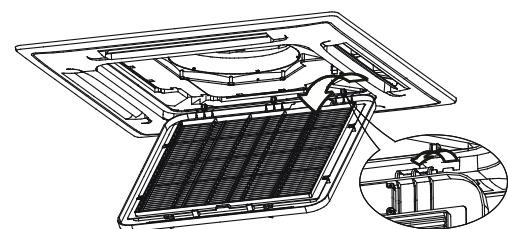
**NOTE:** In households with animals, you will have to periodically wipe down the grille, to prevent blocked airflow due to animal hair.

1. Unlock the grille by pushing the two tabs towards the middle simultaneously.
2. Unplug the display panel cable from the control box on the main body.



**Fig. 4.1**

3. Detach the grille from the main unit by holding the grille at a 45° angle, lifting it up slightly and then pulling the grille forward.

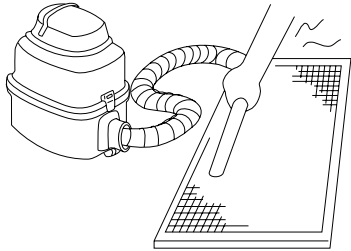


**Fig. 4.2**



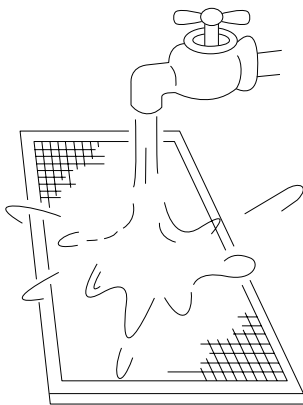
4. Remove the air filter.
5. Clean the air filter by vacuuming the surface or washing it in warm water with mild detergent.

If using a vacuum cleaner, the inlet side should face the vacuum.



**Fig. 4.3**

If using water, the inlet side should face down and away from the water stream.



**Fig. 4.4**

6. Rinse the filter with clean water, and allow it to air-dry. **DO NOT** let the filter dry in direct sunlight.
7. Reinstall the filter.
8. Reinstall the front grille, and reconnect the display panel cable to the control box on the main body.

## Repairing Refrigerant Leaks

### **! WARNING**

- If the refrigerant leaks, turn off the air conditioner and any combustible heating devices, ventilate the room and call your dealer immediately. Refrigerant is both toxic and flammable. **DO NOT** use the air conditioner until the leak is repaired.
- When the air conditioner is installed in a small room, measures must be taken to prevent the refrigerant concentration from exceeding the safety limit in the event of refrigerant leakage. Concentrated refrigerant causes a severe health and safety threat.

### Refrigerant Leak Detection System (some models)

- In the event of a refrigerant leak, the LCD screen will display “EC”, and the LED indicator light will flash.

### Preparation For Periods Of Non-Use

#### Maintenance after Extended Non-Use

1. Remove any obstacles blocking the vents of both the indoor and outdoor units.
2. Clean the air filter and the front grille of the indoor unit. Reinstall the cleaned, dried air filter into its original position.
3. Turn on the main power switch at least 12 hours prior to operating the unit.

#### Storing the Unit While Not In Use

1. Run the appliance on FAN mode for 12 hours in a warm room, to dry it and prevent mold.
2. Turn off the appliance and unplug it.
3. Clean the air filter according to the instructions in the previous section. Reinstall the cleaned, dried filter before storing.
4. Remove the batteries from the remote control.

## ! CAUTION

If one of the following conditions occurs, switch off the power supply immediately and contact your dealer for further assistance.

- The operation light continues to flash rapidly after the unit has been restarted.
- The remote control buttons do not work.
- The unit continually trips fuses or circuit breakers.
- A foreign object or water enters the air conditioner.
- The indoor unit leaks.

## Common Problems

The following symptoms are not a malfunction, and in most situations will not require repairs.

Problem	Possible Causes
<b>Unit does not turn on when pressing ON/OFF button</b>	The unit has a 3-minute protection feature that prevents the unit from overloading. The unit cannot be restarted within three minutes of being turned off.
	Cooling and Heating Models: If the Operation Light and PRE-DEF (pre-heating/defrost) indicators are lit up, the outdoor temperature is too cold, and the unit's anti-cold wind feature is activated in order to defrost the unit.
	In Cooling-only Models: If the "Fan Only" indicator is lit up, the outdoor temperature is too cold and the unit's anti-freeze protection is activated in order to defrost the unit.
<b>The unit changes from COOL mode to FAN mode</b>	The unit changes its setting to prevent frost from forming onto the unit. Once the temperature increases, the unit will start operating again.
	The set temperature has been reached, at which point the unit turns off the compressor. The unit will resume operating when the temperature fluctuates again.
<b>The indoor unit emits white mist</b>	In humid regions, a large temperature difference between the room's air and the conditioned air can cause white mist.
<b>Both the indoor and outdoor units emit white mist</b>	When the unit restarts in HEAT mode after defrosting, white mist may be emitted due to moisture generated from the defrosting process.
<b>The indoor unit makes noises</b>	A squeaking sound is heard when the system is OFF or in COOL mode. The noise is also heard when the drain pump (optional) is in operation.
	A squeaking sound may occur after running the unit in HEAT mode, due to expansion and contraction of the unit's plastic parts.
<b>Both the indoor unit and outdoor unit make noises</b>	A low hissing sound may occur during operation. This is normal and is caused by refrigerant gas flowing through both the indoor and outdoor units.
	A low hissing sound may be heard when the system starts, has just stopped running, or is defrosting. This noise is normal, and is caused by the refrigerant gas stopping, or changing direction.
<b>The outdoor unit makes noises</b>	The unit will make different sounds based on its current operating mode.

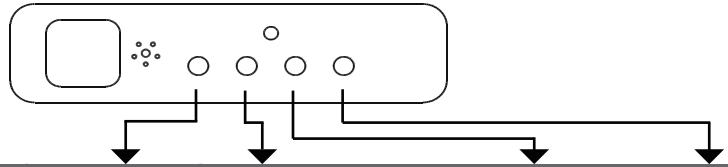
Problem	Possible Causes
<b>Dust is emitted from either the indoor or outdoor unit</b>	The unit may accumulate dust during extended periods of non-use, which will be emitted when the unit is turned on. This can be mitigated by covering the unit during long periods of inactivity.
<b>The unit emits a foul odor</b>	The unit may absorb odors from the environment (such as furniture, cooking, cigarettes, etc.), which will be emitted during operations.
	The unit's filters have become moldy, and should be cleaned.
<b>The fan of the outdoor unit does not operate</b>	During operation, the fan speed is controlled to optimize product operation.

### Troubleshooting Tips

When these troubles occur, please check the following points before contacting a repair company.

Problem	Possible Causes	Solution
<b>The unit is not working</b>	Power failure	Wait for the power to be restored
	The power switch is off	Turn on the power
	The fuse is burned out	Replace the fuse
	Remote control batteries are dead	Replace the remote control batteries
	The unit's 3-minute protection has been activated	Wait three minutes after restarting the unit
<b>Poor cooling performance</b>	Temperature setting may be higher than the ambient room temperature	Lower the temperature setting
	The heat exchanger on the indoor or outdoor unit is dirty	Clean the affected heat exchanger
	The air filter is dirty	Remove the filter, and clean it according to instructions
	The air inlet or outlet of either unit is blocked	Turn the unit off, remove the obstruction, and turn it back on
	Doors and windows are open	Make sure that all doors and windows are closed while operating the unit
	Excessive heat is generated by sunlight	Close windows and curtains during periods of high heat or bright sunshine
	Low refrigerant due to leak or long-term use	Check for leaks, re-seal if necessary, and top off refrigerant
<b>The unit starts and stops frequently</b>	There's too much, or too little, refrigerant in the system	Check for leaks, and recharge the system with refrigerant
	There is air, incompressible gas, or foreign material in the refrigeration system.	Evacuate and recharge the system with refrigerant
	System circuit is blocked	Determine which circuit is blocked and, replace the malfunctioning piece of equipment
	The compressor is broken	Replace the compressor
	The voltage is too high, or too low	Install a manostat to regulate the voltage
<b>Poor heating performance</b>	The outdoor temperature is lower than 7°C (44.5°F)	Check for leaks, and recharge the system with refrigerant
	Cold air is entering through doors and windows	Make sure that all doors and windows are closed during use
	Low refrigerant due to leak or long-term use	Check for leaks, re-seal if necessary, and top off refrigerant

## Error Codes



Number	Cause	Operation Indicator	Timer Indicator	Error Code	PRE-DEF Indicator	Alarm Indicator
1	In-outdoor unit communication checking channel is abnormal	Quick-flash		<b>E1</b>	Quick-flash	
2	Room temperature sensor checking channel is abnormal		Quick-flash	<b>E2</b>		
3	Evaporator sensor malfunction	Quick-flash		<b>E3</b>		
4	Condenser sensor malfunction			<b>E4</b>	Quick-flash	
5	Water pump temperature sensor			<b>E5</b>		Quick-flash
6	Outdoor malfunction	Quick-flash	Quick-flash	<b>E6</b>	Quick-flash	Quick-flash
7	EEPROM malfunction	Quick-flash	Quick-flash	<b>E7</b>		
8	Water level alarm malfunction			<b>E8</b>		Quick-flash
9	DC motor speed out of control		Quick-flash	<b>Eb</b>		Quick-flash
10	Outdoor unit low pressure malfunction	Quick-flash	Quick-flash	<b>Ed</b>	Quick-flash	
11	Refrigerant leak detection system malfunction	Quick-flash		<b>Ec</b>		Quick-flash

Users in European countries may be required to properly dispose of this unit. This appliance contains refrigerant and other potentially hazardous materials. When disposing of this appliance, the law requires special collection and treatment. **DO NOT** dispose of this product as household waste or unsorted municipal waste.

When disposing of this appliance, you have the following options:

- Dispose of the appliance at designated municipal electronic waste collection facilities only.
- When buying a new appliance, the retailer will take back the old appliance free of charge.
- The manufacturer will also take back the old appliance free of charge.
- Sell the appliance to certified scrap metal dealers.

**NOTE:** Disposing of this appliance in the forest or other natural surroundings endangers your health and is bad for the environment. Hazardous substances may leak into the ground water and enter the food chain.

